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# Challenges and solutions in new generation SiC metrology

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Semilab solutions for the SiC process flow



## About Semilab group







## SiC Power MOSFET Process Related Metrology

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PSI-2200	EIR-2201 EIR-2300	CnCV-230	SPL LumiSiC	PMR-C
Substrate defects	Epitaxial thickness	Doping profiles	Defect inspection	Implant Dose, Temperature
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# **Substrate defect inspection**

## **PSI-2200**





## **PSI-2200: Stress field imaging**

150 mm diameter SiC substrate wafers.



**Defects with sixfold symmetry** 



#### **Crystal defect monitoring**

Fully automated platform, with automatic loading for one selected sample size: 150 mm or 200 mm.

- Single load port, or optional dual load port. ٠
- Low backside contact sample holder. •
- Option: zero edge exclusion depending on ٠ configuration



# **Epi thickness measurement**

# EIR-2201, 2202, 2300



## **FTIR – EIR-2300**



#### EIR-2300 for fully automated SiC fabs

- Versatile loadport configuration
  - 2 x SMIF or 2 x OC; OHT or AGV; manual
- High-throughput dual-arm robot
- Compact footprint, back-to-back or to-the-wall placement
- EIR-2201, EIR-2202
  - 2 x manual loadports or 1 x SMIF
  - EIR-2201: AGV option, EIR-2202: OHT, AGV options
- Gen2 metrology head with improved lifetime
- Advanced SW features:
  - Wafer sorting capability
  - Tool status performance check report
  - Improved SiC interferogram analysis



#### • Versatile applications:

- Thickness measurement: Si epi, SiC epi, SOI, SiGe...
- SiC buffer layer, Si transition zone, higher dopant concentrations
- Options for dielectric composition: BPSG, FSG, PSG
- Option for **Oi**, **Cs**, H in SiN, and more



### FTIR - EPI thickness measurement

#### SiC epi thickness analysis methods



- Quickest
- One layer only
- Depends on structure



5 μm SiC epi



- FFT analysis of thickness oscillations in reflectance spectra
  - Potentially multiple (2) epi thickness (if all are > 2-3 um )





### FTIR - EPI thickness measurement

#### SiC epi thickness analysis methods

#### Optical modelling

- Depending on optical structure, thickness of multiple layers
- Sufficient contrast between layers ( > 5E17 at/cm<sup>3</sup>)

Total

• Model sensitive to higher dopant concentrations (dopant concentration, resistivity maps)











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# **CV & Doping profiles**

## **CnCV-230**





## **Corona non-contact CV - CV & Doping profiles**



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- Automated, production proven electrical metrology for contactless, non-contaminating measurements
- Integrated concurrent **pretreatment** for fresh epi SiC wafers
- Up to 200 mm
- 2023 development: Kinetic Corona Voltage time-resolved doping measurement mode
  - Based on charge photoneutralization time constant (T<sub>ph</sub>)



#### **Applications:**

- CV & Doping profiles
- QUAD defect detection full wafer mapping



### **Corona non-contact CV - QUAD Defect Mapping**





- Detection of electrically active defects
- With increasing deposited corona charge, the defects become more visible as sites with reduced depletion voltage.
- The electrical activity of these defects is quantified by the QUAD defect contrast (difference between depletion voltage at defect center and region outside the influence of the defect).

#### Example QUAD map







Example QUAD map on an n-type SiC epi wafer (left) converted into a 5mm x 5mm die map with an **estimated 98% die yield** (right).



# Epi and substrate defect inspection

# LumiSiC & SPL



## LumiSiC SiC defect inspection

**BPD Glide / Half Loop** 

Threading Dislocations (TED/TSD)



The upcoming LumiSiC system will integrate automatic optical (AOI) and photoluminescence (PL) measurement features for SiC defect inspection.

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- AOI: measurement of surface defects for SiC epi and substrate (Micropipe, Triangle, Carrot, etc.)
- PL: measurement of crystal defects in SiC epi layers (BPDs, SFs, etc.)

### **Features**

- Non-contact, non-destructive inspection technique
- High resolution full wafer imaging
- Simultaneous inspection of various surface and crystal defects
- Changeable optical filters for defect classification
- Automated multiband defect recognition and classification









500 µm

50 µm

50 µm

## SiC Defect monitoring by spectral photoluminescence (SPL)

#### Non-visible defects: stacking faults, dislocations



9617.72

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Microscanning at defect sites 25 µm spatial resolution





65.75

65.25

64.00





- Laser selection based on requirement: 266 nm, 355 nm, 405 nm, 532 nm, 638 nm, 975 nm (up to five lasers)
- Laser spot size: 25-50 μm
- Spectrograph selection to cover UV to NIR (300 1650 nm). with a resolution of 0.2 - 2 nm
- fully automated spectrograph calibration (spectrograph stability)
- fully automated laser power calibration (laser stability)

Additional metrology options:

- Spectroscopic reflectometer (epi wafer thickness measurement) - parallel with PL
- Bow/warp

5453.00



# Ion implant monitoring

**PMR-C** 



## PMR-C - Ion implant monitoring





25000

20000

15000

10000

Θ

0

Signal

PMR

Temperature, Al+, 300keV, 1e14

200

Θ

Temperature (° C)

Θ

600

400



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### Pre-Anneal Ion Implant monitoring



#### **PMR-2300C**

- In-Line measurement system
- Pattern recognition
- Monitoring of product SiC and Si wafers

#### PMR-C key applications

- Dose monitoring
- Tilt angle
- Temperature



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# Thank you for your attention!





